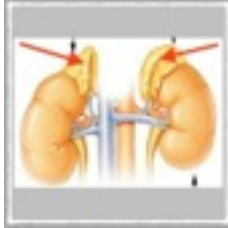

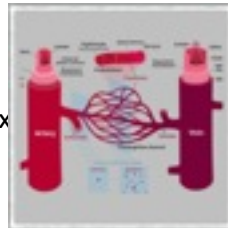
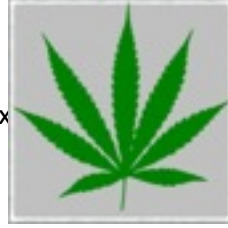
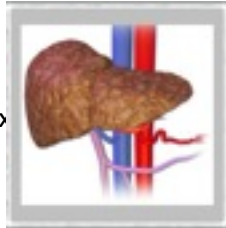
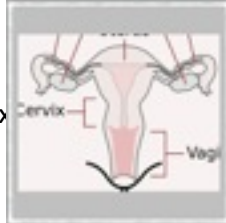
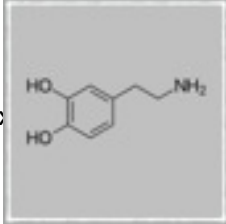


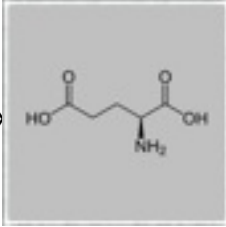




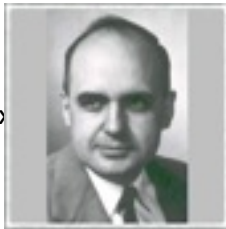
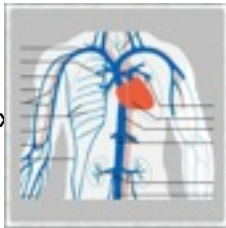
**Solutions English Chapter 7 Papime PE 400216**

<b>1</b>	adaptive	adaptable		Able to change when necessary in order to deal with different situations.
<b>2</b>	adrenal glands	glándulas suprarrenales		Endocrine glands that produce a variety of hormones including adrenaline and the steroids aldosterone and cortisol.
<b>3</b>	allure	atracción		The quality of being attractive and exciting.
<b>4</b>	antibodies	anticuerpos		A substance that the body produces in the blood to fight disease.
<b>5</b>	binges	atracones		A short period of time when sb does too much of a particular activity.
<b>6</b>	bloodstream	torrente o flujo sanguineo		The blood flowing through the body.
<b>7</b>	cannabinoid	cannabinoide		Any of the chemical compounds that are the active principles of marijuana.

8	chronic	crónico		Lasting for a long time; difficult to cure or get rid of.
9	cirrhosis	cirrosis		A chronic disease of the liver in which fibrous tissue replaces normal tissue.
10	cramps	calambres		A sudden pain that you get when the muscles in a particular part of your body contract.
11	despite	a pesar de		in spite of
12	development	desarrollo		The gradual growth of sth so that it becomes more advanced, stronger, etc.
13	dopamine	dopamina		A chemical produced by nerve cells which has an effect on other cells.
14	dose	dosis		An amount of a medicine or a drug that is taken once, or regularly over a period of time.
15	endogenous	endógeno		Resulting from conditions within the organism rather than externally caused.

16	flulike	agripado		Having symptoms that resemble those of influenza.
17	glutamate	glutamato		One of the twenty amino acids used to construct proteins, in the nervous system it plays a neurotransmitter role.
18	hallucinogenic	alucinógeno		A substance that produces hallucinations.
19	impaired	dañado		Damaged or not functioning normally.
20	ketamine	ketamina		A substance that is used as an anesthetic, and also as a drug that is taken illegally for pleasure.

21	liver	hígado	x	A large organ located in the upper abdomen, releasing bile and cleansing the blood.
22	nucleus accumbens	núcleo accumbens		Group of neurons that interfere in the reward, pleasure, laughing, fear and placebo effect systems.
23	peptides	péptido		A chemical consisting of two or more amino acids joined together.
24	relapse	recaída		The fact of becoming sick again after making an improvement.
25	released	liberado		Sth that has been let come out of a place.
26	reward	premio	x	Something given or received for services done, for doing something of merit, etc.
27	shallow	poco profundo		Not deep
28	stamina	resistencia		The physical or mental strength that enables you to do sth.
29	to bind	amarrar/atar	x	To tie something.
30	to curb	contener/dominar		To control or limit sth, especially sth bad.
31	to deter	disuadir/desalentar		To discourage or restrain from acting or proceeding.

32	to quit	dejar de		To stop, cease, or discontinue.
33	to relieve	aliviar/mitigar		To remove or reduce an unpleasant feeling or pain.
34	transdermal	transdérmica		A route of administration in which active ingredients are delivered across the skin for systemic distribution.
35	vaccines	vacuna		A substance that is put into the blood and that protects the body from a disease.
36	vein	vena		Any of the tubes that carry blood from all parts of the body towards the heart.
37	withdrawal	retiro		The act of moving or taking sth away or back.

